Strategic Behavior

Fall, 2022.

Problem Set 4

Due in class on Tuesday Nov 1.

From textbook: Do exercises 2.11

1. Consider a two stage entry game in a market where two firms can enter and produce identical goods at zero cost. To enter the market, a firm must incur a fixed set up cost F > 0. The market demand is given by

$$q = 12 - p$$

where p is the price and q is the total quantity sold. If a firm does not enter, it earns zero profit. If only one firm enters, the market is a monopoly. If both firms enter the market, they engage in Cournot quantity competition and choose outputs (q_1, q_2) simultaneously.

First, the two firms simultaneously decide whether or not to enter the market. Next, after observing the entry decisions, firms that enter choose their output.

For what range of values of F is there a subgame perfect equilibrium where:

- (a) no firm enters
- (b) both firms enter
- (c) only one firm enters
- 2. Consider the following simultaneous move game:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} 1\downarrow, 2\to & L & R \\ T & 0, 0 & 5, -1 \\ B & -1, 5 & 3, 3 \end{array}$$

- (a) What is the unique Nash equilibrium of this game?
- (b) Suppose the game is repeatedly played an infinite number of times and the players maximize the present value of the stream of payoffs discounting future payoff with discount factor $\delta \in (0,1)$. For what range of values of δ is there a subgame perfect equilibrium where both players earn payoff (3,3) in every period? Outline the strategies underlying this equilibrium clearly.
- (c) How does your answer in (b) change if the game is repeated up to a finite number of times? Explain