1 🔲	Chapter 9
	Communications and Networks
2	Chapter 9 Objectives
3 1	Communications  What are computer communications?  * Process in which one computer transfers data, instructions, and information to another computer(s)
4	Communications What is needed for successful communications?
5 1	Communications What is the primary function of a communications device?  * To convert digital signals to analog signals or analog signals to digital signals
6 1	Sending and Receiving Devices  What is a sending and receiving device?  * Initiates or accepts transmission of data, instructions, and information
7	Uses of Communications Technologies What are some uses of communications technology?
8 🔲	Uses of Communications Technologies What is instant messaging (IM)?
9 1 2	Uses of Communications Technologies  What is a chat room?  Permits users to converse in real time via the Internet  Types of chat rooms  Voice chats  Radio chats
0 1	Uses of Communications Technologies  What is a newsgroup?  Area on the Web where users conduct written discussions about a particular subject Also called threaded discussion
1 2	Uses of Communications Technologies What is Internet telephony?  * Enables you to talk to other people over the Internet
1 2 2	Uses of Communications Technologies  What is collaboration?  * Working with other users connected to a server  * You can conduct online meetings  • Allows you to share documents

« Microsoft's NetMeeting allows collaboration 13 Uses of Communications Technologies What is groupware? \* Software application that helps groups of people work together on projects and share information over a network Lotus Notes · Microsoft Exchange 14 Uses of Communications Technologies What is a global positioning system (GPS)? 15 Uses of Communications Technologies What is a Digital Angel? \* Necklace, bracelet, or receiver woven into fabric that communicates with another party using GPS satellite system \* Measures and sends biological information to satellite 16 Networks What is a site license? \* Legal agreement that allows multiple users to run a software package \* License fee usually based on number of users or number of computers attached to network 17 Networks What is a local area network (LAN)? \* Network in limited geographical area such as home, school computer laboratory, or office building 18 □ Networks What is a peer-to-peer LAN? \* Small network that shares hardware, data, or information located on any other computer in Each computer stores files on its own storage devices 19 □ Networks What is a client/server LAN? \* Network in which one or more computers act as a server and other computers on the network can request services from server 20 Networks What is a wide area network (WAN)? Network that covers large geographic area Internet is world's largest WAN 21 Networks

with others in real time

1	What is an Internet use of peer-to-peer (P2P)?
22 <u> </u>	Networks What is a metropolitan area network (MAN)?  * Backbone network that connects local area networks in a metropolitan area such as a city or town
23 <u> </u>	Networks  What is a network topology?  * Configuration, or physical arrangement, of devices in a communications network  * Networks usually use combinations of three topologies
24 <u> </u>	Networks What is a bus network?  * Consists of a single central cable, to which all computers and other devices connect  * Bus is physical cable or backbone  * Inexpensive and easy to install
25 <u> </u>	Networks  What is a ring network?  * Cable forms closed ring, or loop, with all computers and devices arranged along ring  * Data travels from device to device around entire ring, in one direction
26 <u> </u>	Networks What is a star network?  All devices connect to a central computer, called the hub All data transferred from one computer to another passes through hub
27 <u> </u>	Networks  What are network communications technologies?  * Specific combinations of hardware and software that allow different devices on several types of networks to communicate
28 <u> </u>	Networks What is Ethernet?  * LAN technology that allows personal computers to contend for access to network  * Based on bus technology
29 <u> </u>	Networks  What is token ring?  LAN technology that controls access to network by requiring network devices to share or pass a special signal, called a token  Device with token can transmit data over network  Only one token exists per network

	Based on ring topology,     although it can use     star topology
30 1	Networks What is TCP/IP?  Short for transmission control protocol/Internet protocol Transmits data by breaking it up into packets Commonly used for Internet transmissions
31 1 2	Networks What is the Wireless Applications Protocol (WAP)?  * Allows wireless mobile devices to access Internet and its services  * Wireless device contains client software, which connects to Internet service provider's server
32 1 2	Networks  What is an intranet?  * Internal network that uses Internet technologies  * Lets company make information accessible to employees and facilitate working in groups  * Typically includes a connection to Internet
33 1	Networks  What is an extranet?  * Allows customers or suppliers to access part of company's intranet
	Networks What is a firewall?  * Hardware and/or software that restricts access to data and information on network
35 1	Networks  What is a home network?
36 1	Networks  What is an intelligent home network?  Extends basic home network to include features such as lighting control, thermostat adjustment, and security system
37 <u> </u>	Communications Software What is communications software?  * Programs that help establish connection to another computer or network

38 1	Communications Software What is file transfer protocol (FTP)? * Internet standard that allows you to upload and download files to and from a Web server, called the FTP server
39 1	The Telephone Network  What is the public switched telephone network (PSTN)?  * Worldwide telephone system that handles voice-oriented telephone calls
40 1	The Telephone Network  What is a dial-up line and a dedicated line?  Dial-up line is temporary connection using telephone line for communications  Dedicated line is line always connected between two communications devices
41 1 2	The Telephone Network  What is transfer rate?  Speed at which a line carries data and information Faster the transfer rate, the faster you can send and receive data and information Usually expressed as a measure of bits per second
42	The Telephone Network  What are popular types of digital dedicated lines?
43 1	Communications Devices  What is a communications device?  Any type of hardware capable of transmitting data, instructions, and information between sending device and receiving device
44 1	Communications Devices  What is a dial-up modem?  * Communications device that converts computer's digital signals to analog signals and analog signals to digital signals  * ISDN and DSL use digital modem with a digital telephone line
45 <u> </u>	Communications Devices  What is a cable modem?  * Modem that sends and receives data over cable television network  * Much faster than modem or ISDN  * Usually attaches to network card
46 1	Communications Devices  What is a network interface card (NIC)?  * Card inserted into expansion slot of personal computer or other device, enabling it to connect to a network
47	Communications Devices

1	What is a hub?  * Device that provides a central point for cables in a network
48 1	Communications Channel What is a channel?  Communications path between two devices
49	Communications Channel Sending a request over the Internet
50 <u> </u>	Physical Transmission Media What is physical transmission media?  * Wire, cable, and other tangible (touchable) materials used to send communications signals
51 <u> </u>	Physical Transmission Media What is twisted-pair cable? * Transmission media used by telephone system and network cabling
52 1	Physical Transmission Media  What is coaxial cable?  Single copper wire surrounded by at least three layers  Often used for cable television wiring
53 <u> </u>	Physical Transmission Media What is fiber-optic cable?  * Contains core of dozens or hundreds of thin strands of glass or plastic  * Uses light to transmit signals
54 <u> </u>	Wireless Transmission Media What is wireless transmission media?  Send communications signals through air or space Used when inconvenient, impractical, or impossible to install cables
55 🔲	Wireless Transmission Media What is an example of a wireless local area network?
56 <u> </u>	Wireless Transmission Media What is cellular radio?  • Form of broadcast radio used widely for mobile communications
57 <u> </u>	Wireless Transmission Media What is a microwave station?  Earth-based reflective dish that contains antenna, transceivers, and other equipment necessary for microwave communications  Uses line-of-sight transmission  Must transmit in straight line with no obstructions between microwave antennas

58 <u> </u>	Wireless Transmission Media  What is a communications satellite?  * Space station that receives microwave signals from an earth-based station, amplifies the signals, and then broadcasts the signals back over a wide area to any number of earth-based stations
59 <u> </u>	Wireless Transmission Media  What is infrared (IR)?  * Wireless transmission media that sends signals using infrared light waves  * Requires line-of-sight transmission  * Many computers and devices have an IrDA port that enables transfer of data using infrared light rays
60 🔲	Summary of Communications and Networks  Communications

- Sending and receiving devices
- \* Uses of communications technologies
- \* Networks
- \* Communications software
- \* Telephone network
- \* Communications devices
- \* Communications channel
- \* Physical transmission media
- Wireless transmission media