Software Reliability and Safety

CSE 8317 — Fall 2007

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OV.1. Overview

- About CSE 8317
- Defining Quality, Reliability, and Safety
- SRE: Software Reliability Engineering
- SSE: Software Safety Engineering

Quality: Views and Aspects

View	Attribute	
	Correctness	Effectiveness
Customer (external)	Failures: reliability safety	Usability Maintainability Portability Performance Installability Readability
Developer (internal)	Faults: count distr class hazard	Design Size Change Complexity control data presentation

- 8317: Reliability/safety focus

- Things affect reliability/safety

What Is Reliability?

- *Reliability:* Probability of failure-free operation for a specific time period or for a given set of input conditions under a specific environment
  - ▷ Probability: quantitative/statistical
  - ▷ Failure: behavioral deviations
  - ▷ Time vs. input measurement/sampling
  - ▷ Environment: OP and UBST

- Software reliability engineering (SRE):
  - ▷ Failure and other measurement/data
  - ▷ Reliability assessment
  - ▷ Reliability and other predictions
  - ▷ Decision making and management
  - ▷ Reliability and process improvement

What Is Safety?

- *Safety:* The property of being accident-free for (embedded) software systems.
  - ▷ Accident: failures with severe consequences
  - ▷ Hazard: condition for accident
  - ▷ Related to but distinct from reliability
  - ▷ Specialized techniques

- Software safety engineering (SSE):
  - ▷ Failure prevention and fault tolerance
  - ▷ Hazard identification/analysis techniques
  - ▷ Hazard resolution alternatives
  - ▷ Safety and risk assessment
  - ▷ Qualitative focus
  - ▷ Safety and process improvement

Reliability, Safety and Defects

- Defect/bug definition: SQE Ch.2
  - ▷ Failure: external behavior
    – deviation from expected behavior
  - ▷ Fault: internal characteristics
    – cause for failures
  - ▷ Error: missing/incorrect actions
  - ▷ Causal relation, but not necessarily 1-1
  - ▷ Safety-related: accident & hazard

- Defect and quality assurance: SQE Ch.3
  - ▷ Preventive actions based on analysis
  - ▷ Fault removal: insp./testing/verification
  - ▷ Fault tolerance (and safety assurance)

- Defect $\sim$ reliability/safety

Measurement, Analysis, & Modeling

- Measurements: SQE Ch.18
  - ▷ Result: success/failure/accident/etc.
  - ▷ Indirect measurements, as predictors:
    – activity/product internal/environment

- Analysis and modeling:
  - ▷ Model categories/context: SQE Ch.19
  - ▷ Defect analysis: SQE Ch.20
  - ▷ Risk identification: SQE Ch.21
  - ▷ Common basis for SRE & SSE
  - ▷ SRE/SSE models:
    Data ⇒ safety & reliability

- 8317 focus: Analysis-based resolution for reliability/safety assurance and improvement

Reliability Analyses and Models

- SRE(.2).3: model = function relations
  e.g., failure $\sim$ time or input.

- Time domain approach
  - ▷ Failure arrival process
  - ▷ Statistical modeling
  - ▷ Failure count/interval/rate data
  - ▷ Time and other measurements
  - ▷ SRGMs: s/w reliability growth models
  - ▷ Assessment/prediction/decisions

- Input domain approach
  - ▷ Repeated random sampling
  - ▷ Related definitions and models
    – input domain reliability models
  - ▷ Fault seeding models

Reliability Analyses and Models

- TBRMs: tree-based reliability models
  - ▷ Both time/input domain info.
  - ▷ Additional benefit:
    - – risk identification
    - – guide for focused remedial actions
  - ▷ Technique: tree-based modeling
  - ▷ Development/application/SMU research
  - ▷ Major focus in 8317 (SRE.2)

- Other related issues: SRE.4
  - ▷ Implementation & applications
  - ▷ OP development & QA activities
  - ▷ Fault/defect modeling
  - ▷ Data treatment

Safety Analysis & Improvement

- Hazard analysis and resolution (SSE.2)
  - ▷ Focus: accidents and pre-conditions (hazards), not other failures
  - ▷ "Safeware" Ch.13-16 & SQE Ch. 16.4
  - ▷ Identification and analysis
  - ▷ Resolution: elimination/reduction/control
  - ▷ Integration in development process
    - SSP (software safety program)
    - "Safeware", Part IV (Ch.11-18)

- Formal verification related:
  - ▷ Main part: SSE.3, SQE Ch. 15.
  - ▷ PSC: SSE.4, SQE Ch. 16.5

Safety Analysis & Improvement

- Hazard analysis:
  - ▷ Fault trees: (static) logical conditions
  - ▷ Event trees: dynamic sequences
  - ▷ Other analyses
  - ▷ Generally qualitative
  - ▷ Related: hazard and risk assessment
- Hazard resolution (pre-accident)
  - ▷ Negate/block/mitigate/etc.
  - ▷ Hazard elimination/reduction/control
- Related: damage reduction (post-accident)

Safety Assurance & Improvement

- **Eliminate** identified hazard sources in material/component/software/etc.

- **Reduce** hazard likelihood/severity via:

  ▷ Creating hazard barriers,
  ▷ Minimizing failure probability, etc.

- **Control** hazard (after detection) via:

  ▷ Isolation and containment,
  ▷ Fail-safe design, etc.

- **Reduce** damage (post-accident, as compared to pre-accident for the above)

How CSE 8317 Fits In?

- Software reliability engineering (SRE):
  - ▷ SRGMs/IDRMs: assessment/prediction;
  - ▷ TBRMs: improvement;
  - ▷ Statistical analysis techniques:
    - – stochastic processes and curve fitting
    - – predictive risk management
    - – tree-based models & other techniques
  - ▷ Focus: reliability analysis/improvement.

- Software safety engineering (SSE):
  - ▷ Fault/event tree analyses, etc.;
  - ▷ Hazard elimination/reduction/control;
  - ▷ Process-based approach;
  - ▷ Formal verification and fault tolerance;
  - ▷ Prescriptive specification checking.